



Intimate Care Policy
September 2020

Covid-19 Addendum –Intimate Care Policy September 2020

Following the Government’s decision for some pupils to return to school from the 1st June 2020, the following amendments to the existing Intimate Care Policy will be followed:

- Any member of staff engaging in intimate care such as applying first aid, nose wiping and nose bleeds must wear PPE provided.
- Where children can change into clean clothing independently, we will ask them to do so
- We will help children to be as comfortable as possible and parents will be contacted immediately if a child has defecated or been sick and has spoiled their clothes. We need to ensure children are properly cleaned by bathing or showering at home before returning to their class bubble.
- If a member of staff has been identified as vulnerable and instructed to not provide personal/intimate care because of their risk assessment, they must not engage in an activity that would pose a threat. This includes nose-wiping, toileting, attending to nose bleeds etc.
- If a second member of staff is required, staff should contact the office if there is nobody immediately available to help. A second member of staff will then attend whilst adhering to social distancing guidelines. Soiled clothes should be double bagged and kept in a safe area at least 2m away from staff and pupils

St Mary’s Catholic Primary School Policy for Intimate Care

Introduction

Intimate care is any care which involves washing, touching or carrying out an invasive procedure (such as cleaning up a pupil after they have soiled themselves) to intimate personal areas. In most cases such care will involve cleaning for hygiene purposes as part of a staff member’s duty of care. The issue of intimate care is a sensitive one and will require staff to be respectful of the child’s needs. The child’s dignity should always be preserved with a high level of privacy, choice and control. There shall be a high awareness of child protection issues. Staff behaviour must be open to scrutiny and staff must work in partnership with parents/carers to provide continuity of care to children/young people wherever possible.

Intimate care will only be carried out by school staff, all of whom have had an enhanced DBS check with a children’s barred list check. No volunteers will be present or permitted to carry out intimate care.

The school’s safeguarding policy and the DFE document, ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education: for Schools and Colleges’ (March 2015) and subsequent KCSIE September 2016 have informed this policy.

Intimate care policy for St Mary’s Catholic Primary School

St Mary’s Catholic Primary School is committed to ensuring that all staff responsible for the intimate care of children will undertake their duties in a professional manner at all times. St Mary’s Catholic Primary School recognises that there is a need to treat all children with respect when intimate care is given. No child should be attended to in a way that causes distress or pain.

Our approach to best practice

The management of all children with intimate care needs will be carefully planned. The child who requires intimate care is treated with respect at all times; the child's welfare and dignity is of paramount importance.

Staff who provide intimate care are trained to do so, as is relevant, (including Child Protection and Health and Safety training in lifting and moving where necessary) and are fully aware of best practice. Apparatus will be provided to assist with children who need special arrangements following assessment from physiotherapist/ occupational therapist as required. Staff will be supported to adapt their practice in relation to the needs of individual children taking into account developmental changes such as the onset of puberty and menstruation.

Wherever possible staff who are involved in the intimate care of children/young people will not usually be involved with the delivery of sex education to the children/young people in their care as an additional safeguard to both staff and children/young people involved.

The child will be supported to achieve the highest level of autonomy that is possible given their age and abilities. Staff will encourage each child to do as much for him/herself as he/she can. This may mean, for example, giving the child responsibility for washing themselves. Individual intimate care plans will be drawn up for particular children as appropriate to suit the circumstances of the child, where intimate care is likely to need to occur regularly. (See example form attached although this is likely to be adapted to suit individual circumstances.)

Each child's right to privacy will be respected. Careful consideration will be given to each child's situation to determine how many carers might need to be present when a child is toileted. Ideally there will be a rota of carers known to the child who will take turns in providing care. This will ensure, as far as possible, that over-familiar relationships are discouraged from developing, whilst at the same time guarding against the care being carried out by a succession of completely different carers.

Intimate care arrangements will be discussed with parents/carers on a regular basis and recorded on the child's care plan. The needs and wishes of children and parents will be taken into account wherever possible within the constraints of staffing and equal opportunities legislation.

The Protection of Children

Education Child Protection Procedures and Inter-Agency Child Protection procedures will be adhered to.

All children will be taught personal safety skills carefully matched to their level of development and understanding.

If a member of staff has any concerns about physical changes in a child's presentation, e.g. marks, bruises, soreness etc. s/he will immediately report concerns to the appropriate manager/ designated person for child protection.

If a child becomes distressed or unhappy about being cared for by a particular member of staff, the matter will be looked into and outcomes recorded. Parents/carers will be contacted at the earliest opportunity as part of this process in order to reach a resolution. Further advice will be taken from outside agencies if necessary.

If a child makes an allegation against a member of staff, all necessary procedures will be followed (see Inter - Agency Child Protection Procedures for details)

Health and Safety

The Health and Safety policy and wider guidance will be used in all Intimate Care considerations.

Further Guidance

Keeping Children Safe in Education latest guidance will be used at all times and the latest guidance issued to all staff.

'Working Together To Safeguard Children', Inter-Agency Child Protection Procedures 2015.

What To Do IF You're Worried A Child Is Being Abused March 2015

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/419604/What_to_do_if_you_re_worried_a_child_is_being_abused.pdf

Special needs

Children with special needs have the same rights to safety and privacy when receiving intimate care. Additional vulnerabilities that may arise from a physical disability or learning difficulty must be considered with regard to individual teaching and care plans for each child. As with all arrangements for intimate care needs, agreements between the child those with parental responsibility and the organisation should be easily understood and recorded.

Regardless of age and ability, the views and/or emotional responses of children with special needs should be actively sought (with advocacy arrangements made for those who can't) in regular reviews of these arrangements.

Physical Contact

All staff engaged in the care and education of children and young people need to exercise caution in the use of physical contact.

The expectation is that staff will work in 'limited touch' cultures and that when physical contact is made with pupils this will be in response to the pupil's needs at the time, will be of limited duration and will be appropriate given their age, stage of development and background.

Staff should be aware that even well intentioned physical contact might be misconstrued directly by the child, an observer or by anyone the action is described to. Staff must therefore always be prepared to justify actions and accept that all physical contact be open to scrutiny.

Physical contact which is repeated with an individual child or young person is likely to raise questions unless the justification for this is formally agreed by the child, the organisation and those with parental responsibility.

Children with special needs may require more physical contact to assist their everyday learning. The general culture of 'limited touch' will be adapted where appropriate to the individual requirements of each child. The arrangements must be understood and agreed by all concerned, justified in terms of the child's needs, consistently applied and open to scrutiny.

Wherever possible, consultation with colleagues should take place where any deviation from the arrangements is anticipated. Any deviation and the justification for it should be documented and reported.

Extra caution may be required where a child has suffered previous abuse or neglect. In the child's view, physical contact might be associated with such experiences and lead to staff vulnerable to allegations of abuse. Additionally, many such children are extremely needy and seek out inappropriate physical contact. In such circumstances staff should deter the child without causing them a negative experience. Ensuring that a witness is present will help to protect staff from such allegations.

First Aid and intimate care

Staff who administer first aid should ensure wherever possible that another adult or other children are present. The pupil's dignity must always be considered and where contact of a more intimate nature is required (e.g. assisting with toileting or the removal of wet/soiled clothing), another member of staff should be in the vicinity and should be made aware of the task being undertaken.

Regular requirements of an intimate nature should be planned for. Agreements between the school/organisation, those with parental responsibility and the child concerned should be

documented and easily understood. The necessity for such requirements should be reviewed regularly. The child's views must also be actively sought and, in particular, any discomfort with the arrangements addressed.

Physical Education and other skills coaching

Some staff are likely to come into physical contact with pupils from time to time in the course of their duties when participating in games, demonstrating an exercise or the use of equipment.

Staff should be aware of the limits within which such contact should properly take place and of the possibility of misinterpretation.

Where it is anticipated that a pupil might be prone to misinterpret any such contact, alternatives should be considered, perhaps involving another member of staff or a less vulnerable pupil in the demonstration.

Toileting and Medical Intervention

Some pupils may require assistance with toileting or medical issues of an intimate nature on a regular basis. In these circumstances a plan will be in place to provide this support. Parents and the pupil will be consulted. An Intimate Care Plan will be in place. Staff providing Intimate Care must refer to this and follow this in every instance in which it is relevant.

Where pupils need assistance on an occasional basis, for example after a toileting accident or medical issue in an intimate area, such as a cut from a fall, staff will ensure that this is done discretely but will inform another member of staff before entering a cubicle. As detailed elsewhere in this policy, another staff member must always be in the close vicinity, aware that this care is occurring. Pupils will be encouraged to be as independent as possible in dealing with these incidents.

Where a pupil cannot be independent in cleaning themselves up/ attending to a medical issue staff will check that parents have not requested to be contacted in this event. If a child is in KS1 and parents/ carers have received the letter asking if they are happy with care being provided but have not replied to say that they must be contacted, care can go ahead as detailed above. Parents should be contacted and informed of this care as soon as possible in every event.

Please note that only KS1 children's parents have been contacted about this. (See sample letter attached to this document.) In event of an incident involving a KS2 child where they are unable to clean or tend to themselves, parents must be contacted before intimate care takes place.

Showers/changing clothes

Young people are entitled to respect and privacy when changing clothes or taking a shower (swimming sessions). However, there must be the required level of supervision to safeguard young people with regard to health and safety considerations and to ensure that bullying or teasing does not occur. This means that adults should announce their intention of entering changing rooms, avoid remaining in changing rooms unless pupil needs require it, avoid any unnecessary physical contact when children are in a state of undress and avoid any visually intrusive behaviour.

Given the vulnerabilities of the situation, it is strongly recommended that when supervising children in a state of undress, another member of staff is present. However, this may not always

be possible and therefore staff need to be vigilant about their own conduct, e.g. adults must not change in the same place as children or shower with children.

Out of school trips, clubs etc.

Employees should take particular care when supervising pupils in the less formal atmosphere of a residential setting or after-school activity. Although more informal relationships in such circumstances tend to be usual, the standard of behaviour expected of staff will be no different from the behaviour expected within school.

To ensure pupils' safety, increased vigilance may be required when monitoring their behaviour on field trips, holidays etc. It is important to exercise caution so that a pupil is not compromised and the member of staff does not attract allegations of overly intrusive or abusive behaviour.

St Mary's Catholic Primary
School INTIMATE CARE PLAN

..... needs additional support with changing nappies/ pull ups/ support learning to use a toilet. The following plan aims to make the staff involved aware of.....'s needs and to ensure thatparents are happy with these arrangements.

<u>Situation</u>	<u>Way in which this is dealt with.</u>

Parent's View

Child's View

Other:

Parents are welcome to come and look at the changing area. Please feel free to discuss any aspect of this care with your child's teacher or TA as you drop off or collect, or if you feel a longer or more private discussion would be helpful please make an appointment to see your child's teacher or the SENCo at the school office. Parental views on 's care are welcomed and will be acted on wherever possible.

Signed (Parent/ Carer) Date.....